

An aerial photograph showing a coastal area during high tide. A large, silver metal power tower stands in the water on the left. The shoreline is flooded, with brown seaweed or debris scattered throughout. Several houses and buildings are visible on the land, some partially submerged. The water is a mix of blue and brown, reflecting the sky and the surrounding environment. The background is a dense forest of green trees.

# Marin County Bay Shoreline Sea Level Rise Vulnerability Assessment

Spring, 2017

Photo of Buck's Landing during King Tides flown by LightHawk

# WHAT WE DID

- ❖ Marin County led a project to identify and quantify the impacts to our communities & infrastructure from sea level rise and storms
- ❖ The study involved public and private stakeholders, and coordinated with all cities and towns, as well as with local, regional, and state agencies to understand how the impacts will affect Marin's bay shoreline



*Our Coast Our Future* web viewer displaying 10 inches of sea level rise with the 100-year storm, which is comparable to our winter storms

# WHY WE DID IT

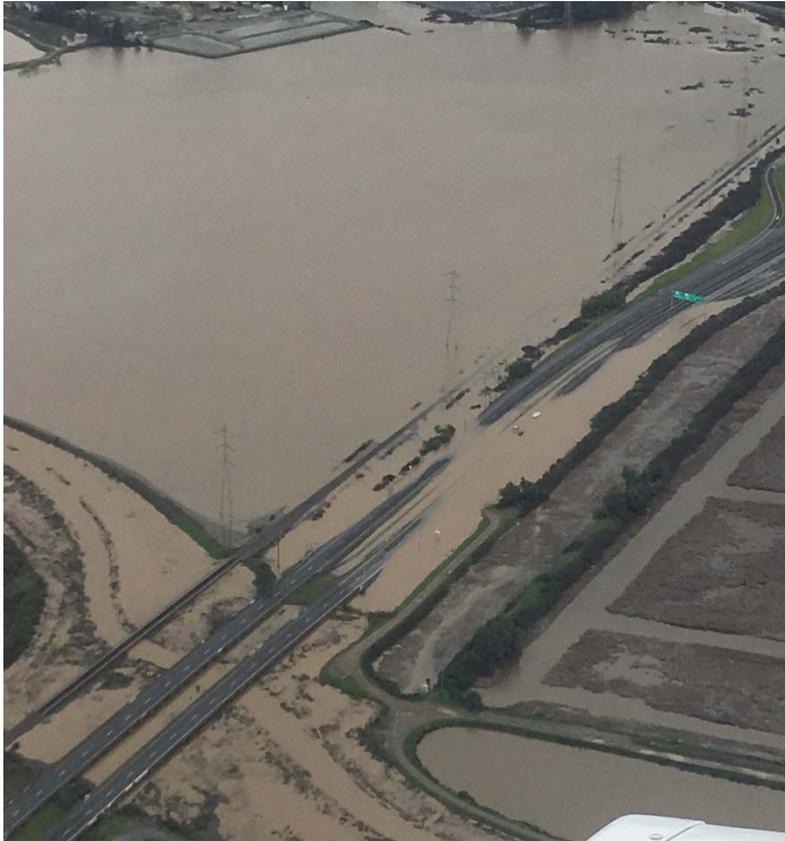
- ❖ Sea level rise is a slow-moving emergency that needs our attention now
- ❖ Flooding, whether from a storm event or rising seas, knows no boundaries, and we will all be affected
- ❖ Public and private collaboration is essential to address the issues we will face as a community



Storm photos from winter 2017 from Tam Valley (above) and Gallinas Creek (below)



# WHY WE DID IT



Highway 37 during winter 2017 storms. The roadway was closed for a record 27 days this winter due to flooding.

- ❖ Knowing what is at risk across the region will make planning more timely and cost-effective
- ❖ The flooding that Marin already experiences will become the “new normal”
- ❖ Rising seas will make current winter flooding conditions permanent
- ❖ Our infrastructure is aging & planning replacement projects must incorporate sea level rise projections

# WHAT IS A “VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT”?



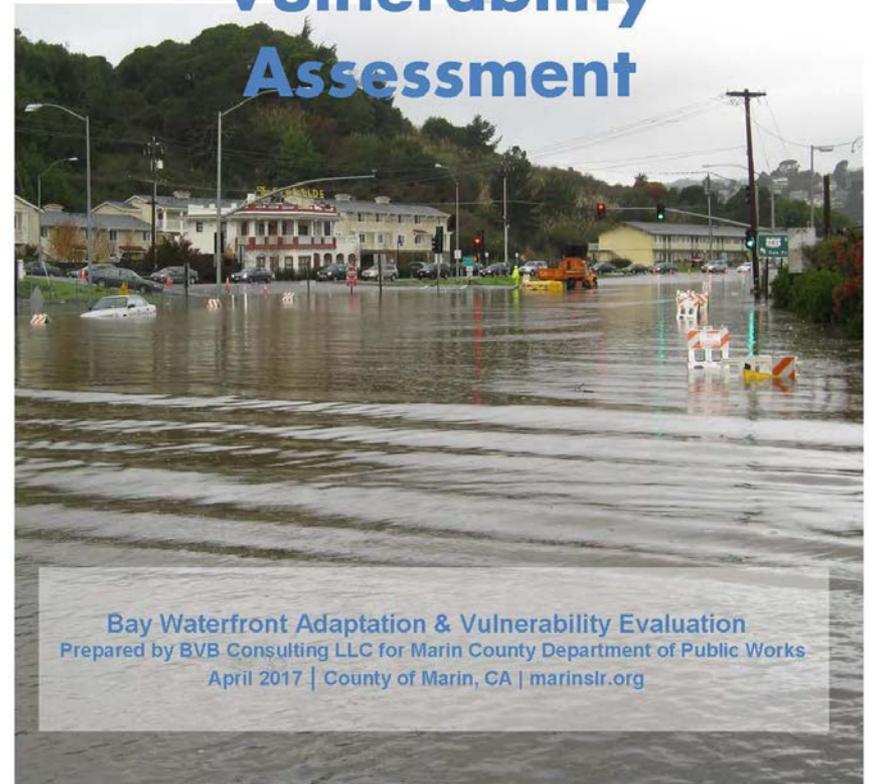
Marin County is using State guidance to assess our vulnerability to sea level rise

- ❖ Some areas can flood and “recover” with no permanent impacts, but other areas cannot sustain long-term flooding
- ❖ Vulnerability Assessments (VA) use map-based data to catalog what is exposed and how sensitive different areas are to sea level rise
- ❖ A VA builds the foundation for understanding and planning for sea level rise adaptation

# MARIN'S REPORT – WHAT IT IS

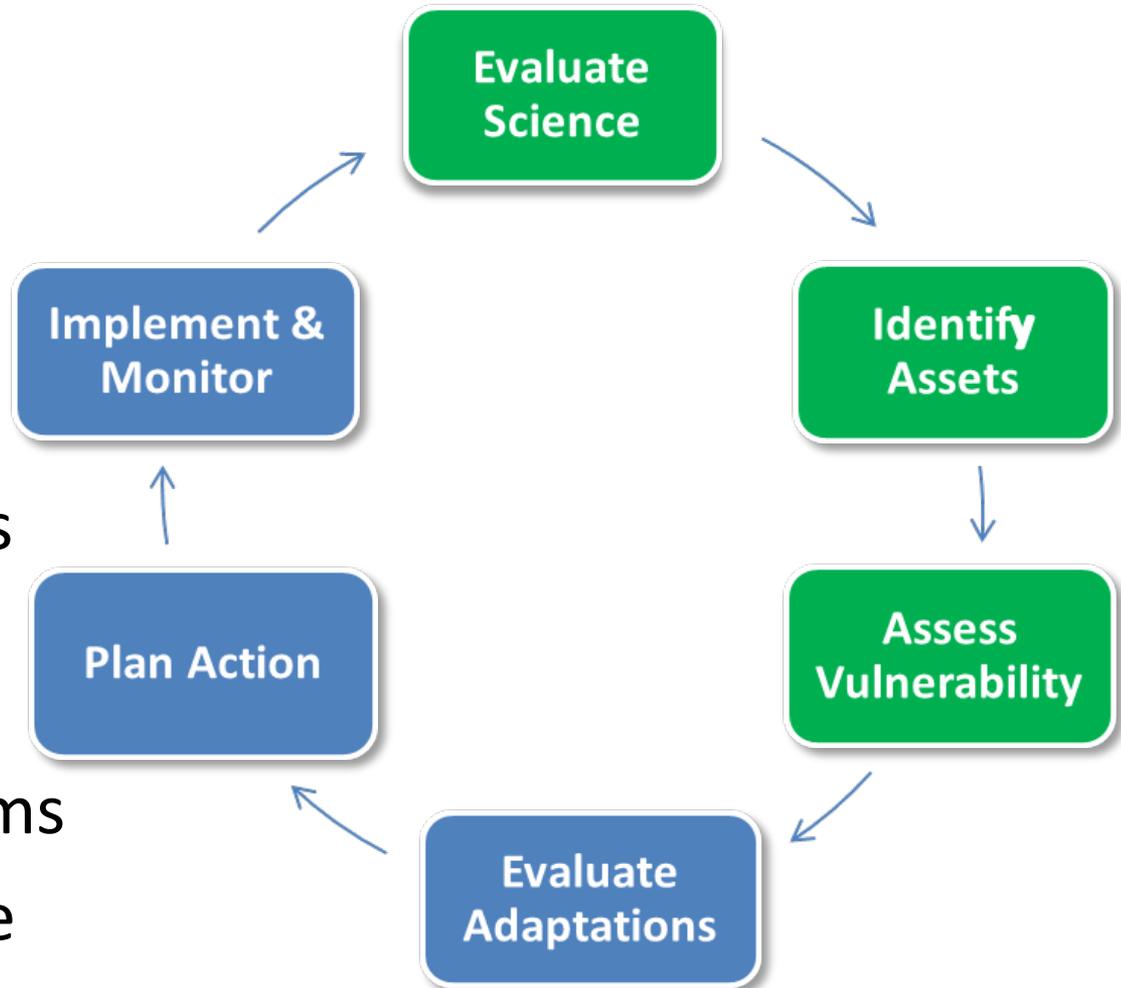
- ❖ A study of Marin's entire bay shoreline
- ❖ Incorporates the best available science combined with over 100 stakeholder interviews
- ❖ A summary of the findings, presented in two major sections: **Assets** and **Locations**
  - **Assets** include land, buildings, transportation, utilities, agriculture, habitats and wildlife, recreation, emergency services, and cultural resources
  - **Locations** identify jurisdictions, including cities, towns and unincorporated county communities

## Marin Shoreline Sea Level Rise Vulnerability Assessment

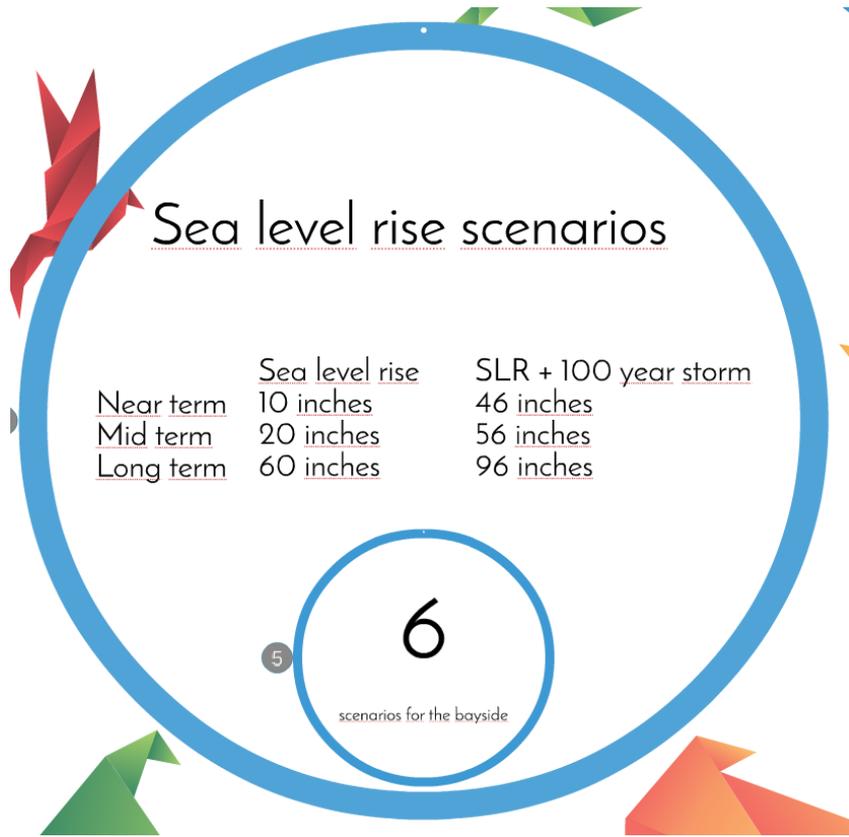


# MARIN'S REPORT – WHAT IT *ISN'T*

- ❖ Does not change existing policies or regulations
- ❖ Does not prioritize areas or suggest adaptation measures
- ❖ Does not include flooding from creeks or stormwater systems
- ❖ Does not incorporate on-the-ground confirmation in the field



# HOW WE DID IT



6 Sea level rise scenarios were used for the Vulnerability Assessment

- ❖ Used a statewide sea level rise model developed by the United States Geological Survey (Google: *Our Coast Our Future* to view over 40 scenarios!)
- ❖ Analyzed the impacts of 6 scenarios, ranging from 10” to 96” of sea level rise
- ❖ Described the impacts in text, graphics, and tables by individual assets and then grouped information by community

# WHAT DOES IT SAY?

Impacts will extend beyond the flooded shoreline edge and will change our county in the future:

- ❖ Transportation
- ❖ Emergency services
- ❖ Water, sewer, utilities
- ❖ Many neighborhoods
- ❖ Commercial areas
- ❖ Public areas, such as beaches, wetlands and shoreline access

## IMPACTS AT-A-GLANCE: SCENARIO 2

5,000 acres flooded @ MHHW	200,000+ residents plus commuting employees
8,000 acres flooded @ MHHW +100-year storm surge	2,000 agricultural acres (mostly ranch)
4,500 homes, businesses, & institutions	Property Owners County of Marin Municipalities Caltrans Sanitary Districts Water Districts Fire Districts Sausalito Police Department CHP SMART GGBHTD MTA PG&E AT&T CADFW
80 miles of wet road, 3 ferry landings, 5 marinas, 4 boat launches	
Beaches Tidal Marshes Eelgrass beds Wetlands	

# WHAT THIS MEANS FOR SAUSALITO

## Vulnerable Assets

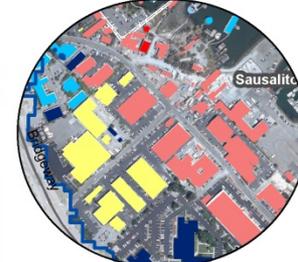
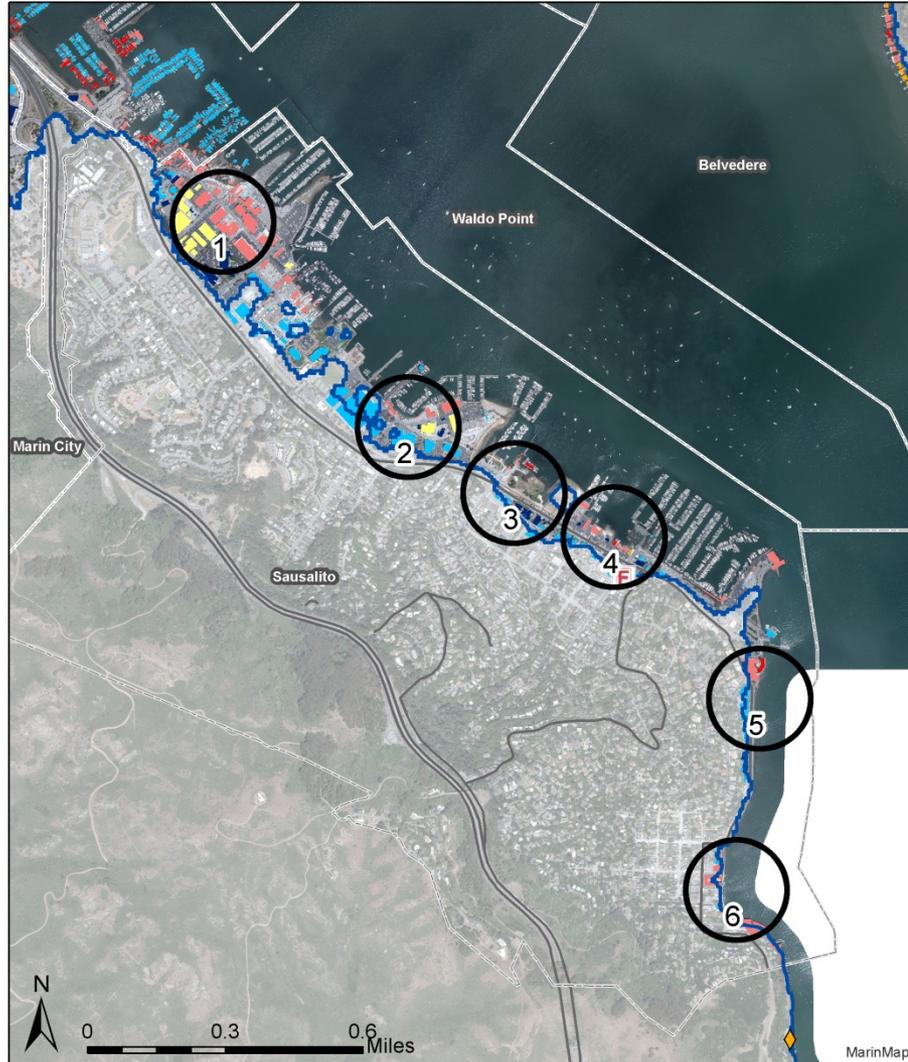
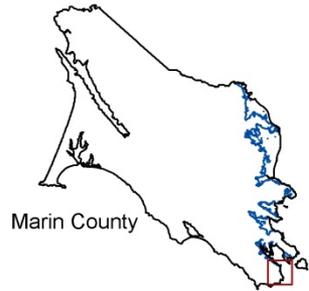
- Fire Station
- District Office

## Vulnerable Buildings

- Scen. 1: 10" Sea Level Rise (SLR)
- Scen. 2: 10" SLR+Storm Surge
- Scen. 3: 20" Sea Level Rise
- Scen. 4: 20"SLR+Storm Surge
- Scen. 5: 60" Sea Level Rise
- Scen. 6: 60"SLR+Storm Surge

## Location Indicators

- Unincorporated
- Municipality
- Road
- Inland Extent: Sea Level @ 60"+100-year Storm



1: Marinship



2: Libertyship Way



3: Dunphy Park



4: Southern Marin Fire Department



5: Bridgeway



6: Old Town

Disclaimer: Vulnerability Assessment maps, tables, etc. can be used as a resource to help identify potential hazardous areas and vulnerable assets. Marin County, and data providers here in, make no warranties of the accuracy or completeness of maps and data. Maps are representational and subject to future revision. Local site conditions must be examined. Commercial use is prohibited.

# WHAT THIS MEANS FOR SAUSALITO

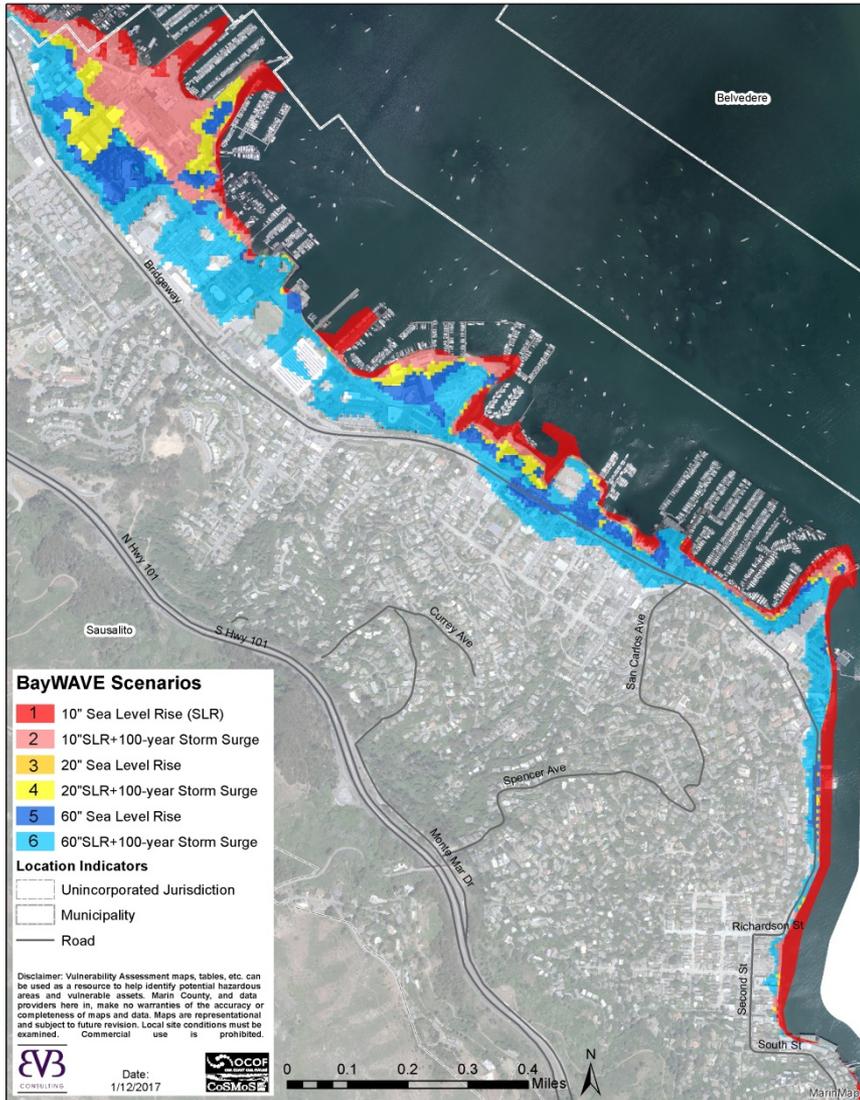


Table 50. Sausalito Vulnerable Residential and Commercial Parcels

Land Use	Scenarios					
	1		3		5	
	Near-term		Medium-term		Long-term	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Residential	9	0	11	0	12	0
Commercial	4	2	6	3	18	10
Industrial	3	21	8	30	41	62

Source: Marin Map, CoSMoS

## IMPACTS AT-A-GLANCE: SCENARIO 6

150 acres	7,000+ people
265 living units	18 commercial parcels
3.5 miles of roads	Property Owners City of Sausalito SMCSD Southern Marin Fire District GG's Sausalito Ferry
Extreme event impacts already occur	
\$400 million in assessed property value, \$61,000 in single-family home value <sup>1</sup>	

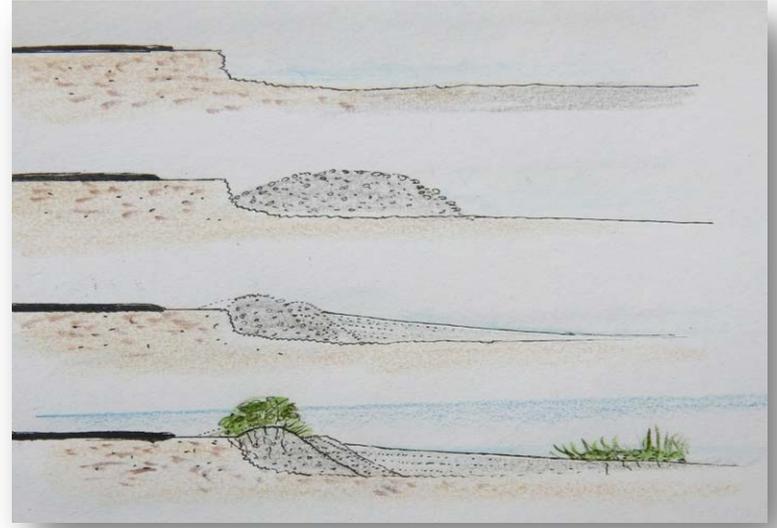
# WHAT DID WE LEARN?



- ❖ There is no “one solution” that will “fix” everything
- ❖ There is a lot to do!
- ❖ There is a lot we CAN do, especially if we start planning *now*
- ❖ We’re in this together

# WHAT'S HAPPENING NOW

- ❖ Adaptation pilot projects are already underway to test solutions, more are coming
- ❖ County staff continues to collaborate with communities & support adaptation planning and projects
- ❖ Public review draft is available
- ❖ Written comments due by May 29<sup>th</sup> to Chris Choo, [cchoo@marincounty.org](mailto:cchoo@marincounty.org)



Shoreline erosion in concept drawing by Peter Baye (above) and after construction at Aramburu Island (below )



# WHAT'S NEXT?



Looking north from Richardson Bay near the Sausalito on-ramp to northbound Highway 101 in winter 1973

- ❖ Planning for adaptation will occur over time and will involve the public and multiple agencies and jurisdictions
- ❖ Please read the study and stay involved by signing up for email updates
- ❖ Participate in developing local solutions



Thank you  
[www.MarinSLR.org](http://www.MarinSLR.org)